Amendments to the Claims

1. (Original) A compound of the formula Ia or Ib,

$$R_1$$
 R_2
 R_3
 R_4
 R_3
 R_5
 R_7
 R_7

where

X₁ and X₂ are each, independently of one another, secondary phosphino;

 R_1 and R_2 are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl,

 C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_6 - C_{10} -aryl or C_7 - C_{11} -aralkyl, or

 R_1 and R_2 together are C_4 - C_8 -alkylene, 3-oxapentyl-1,5-ene, -(CH_2)₂-NH-(CH_2)₂-

or $-(CH_2)_2-N(C_1-C_4alkyl)-(CH_2)_2-$,

 $R_3 \text{ is hydrogen, } C_1\text{-}C_8\text{-alkyl, } C_3\text{-}C_8\text{-cycloalkyl, } C_3\text{-}C_8\text{-cycloalkyl-} C_1\text{-}C_4\text{-alkyl, } C_6\text{-}C_{10}\text{-aryl or } C_1\text{-}C_2\text{-alkyl, } C_2\text{-}C_2\text{-alkyl, } C_3\text{-}C_3\text{-cycloalkyl-} C_1\text{-}C_4\text{-alkyl, } C_6\text{-}C_{10}\text{-aryl or } C_1\text{-}C_2\text{-alkyl, } C_2\text{-}C_3\text{-alkyl, } C_3\text{-}C_3\text{-alkyl, } C_3\text{-}C_3\text{-}C_3\text{-alkyl, } C_3\text{-}C_3\text{-}C_3\text{-alkyl, } C_3\text{-}C_3\text{-}C_3\text{-alkyl, }$

C7-C11-aralkyl, or

R₁ is as defined above and R₂ and R₃ together are C₂-C₈-alkylidene, C₄-C₈-cycloalkylidene,

 C_1 - C_4 -alkylene, C_2 - C_8 -alk-1,2-enyl, -C(O)- or a group of the formula

or

R₁R₂N and R₃O together are a group of the formula

or

R₁, R₃, or R₁ and R₃ together are a protective group and R₂ is as defined above,

 R_4 and R_7 are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, F, Cl or trifluoromethyl,

R₅ is hydrogen, R₄ or an R₃O- group, where R₃O- groups in the two rings can be identical or different,

 R_6 is hydrogen, R_7 or an R_1R_2N - group, where R_1R_2N - groups in the two rings can be identical or different,

R₅ and R₆ together are trimethylene, tetramethylene or –CH=CH-CH=CH-, and

 R_{11} is C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_6 - C_{10} -aryl or C_7 - C_{11} -aralkyl, where R_1 , R_2 , R_3 , R_4 and R_7 are unsubstituted or substituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, OH, F, Cl, Br, trifluoromethyl, C_1 - C_4 -hydroxyalkyl, -COOH, -SO₃H, -C(O)O- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, -SO₃- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, -C(O)-NH₂, -CONHC₁- C_4 -alkyl, -CON(C_1 - C_4 -alkyl)₂, -SO₃-NH₂, -SO₂-NHC₁- C_4 -alkyl, -SO₃-N(C_1 - C_4 -alkyl)₂, -O₂C- R_8 , -O₃S- R_8 , -NH-(O)C- R_8 , -NH-O₃S- R_8 ,

-NH₂, -NHR₉ or -NR₉R₁₀, where R₈ is hydrogen, C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_6 - C_{10} -aryl or C_7 - C_{11} -aralkyl, and R₉ and R₁₀ are each, independently of one another, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, phenyl or benzyl or R₉ and R₁₀ together are tetramethylene, pentamethylene, 3-oxa-1,5-pentane or -(CH₂)₂-N(C_1 - C_4 -alkyl)-(CH₂)₂-.

2. (Original) The compound as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that X_1 is a -P(R)₂ group and X_2 is a -P(R')₂ group, where R and R' are each, independently of one another, an X1/X2-forming radical, for example a hydrocarbon radical which has from 1 to 20 carbon atoms and is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, -CO₂- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, (C_6 H₅)₃Si or (C_1 - C_1 -alkyl)₃Si; or the radicals R and R' together are unsubstituted or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl- and/or C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy-substituted tetramethylene or pentamethylene.

3. (Original) The compound as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that it corresponds to the formula Ic,

$$R_2$$
 R_3
 R_5
 R_6
 X_1
 X_2
 X_2

where R_1 is hydrogen or is defined as for R_2 , or R_1 , R_2 and R_3 are each, independently of one another, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, R_5 is hydrogen or an OR_3 group, R_6 is hydrogen or an $-NR_1R_2$ group, or R_5 and R_6 together are

-CH=CH-CH=CH-, and X₁ and X₂ are secondary phosphino.

4. (Original) The compound as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that it corresponds to the formula Id,

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R_1 \\ N \\ O \\ R_5 \\ X_2 \end{array} \qquad \text{(Id)}$$

where R_1 is hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, R_5 and R_6 are each hydrogen or R_5 and R_6 together are an -NR₁-R₁₂-O- group, X_1 and X_2 are secondary phosphino and R_{12} is 1,2-ethylene, 1,2-ethenylene, -C(O)- or a group of the formula

where R₁₁ is branched C₃-C₈-alkyl, C₅-C₆-cycloalkyl, phenyl or benzyl.

5. (Original) The compound as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that it corresponds to the formula Ie, If, Ig, Ih or Ii,

where R_{01} is hydrogen, C_1 - C_8 -alkyl, C_5 - C_6 -cycloalkyl, phenyl or benzyl, R_{11} is phenyl or t-butyl and X_1 and X_2 are as defined above, including the preferences.

6. (Original) A process for preparing compounds of the formulae Ia and Ib,

where R_1 , R_2 , R_3 , R_4 , R_5 , R_6 , R_7 , X_1 and X_2 are as defined above, which comprises the steps: a) halogenation of a compound of the formula VI

where R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆ and R₇ are as defined above, or R₁ is a protective group which can be split off and R₂ is hydrogen or is as defined above, or R₃ is a protective group which can be split off, or R₁ and R₃ form a protective group which can be split off and R₂ is hydrogen or is as defined above, by means of chlorine, bromine or iodine to form a compound of the formula VII

$$R_2$$
 R_3
 R_5
 R_6
 R_7
 R_7
 $(VII),$

where X is chlorine, bromine or iodine,

b) if appropriate to introduce the radicals R_2 and R_3 , removal of the protective groups to form OH-functional and NH-functional groups and replacement of the H atoms in the OH-functional and NH-functional groups by means of a reagent R_2 - Y_2 , R_3 - Y_2 or Y_2 - R_{13} - Y_2 , where Y_2 is a leaving group and R_{13} is 1,2-alkylene or 1,2-cycloalkylene, to produce compounds of the formula VII, and

if appropriate resolution of the racemates of the formula VII to give the enantiomers of the formulae VIIa and VIIb

$$R_{2}$$
 R_{3}
 R_{4}
 R_{5}
 R_{7}
 R_{6}
 R_{7}
 R_{6}
 R_{7}
 R_{6}
 R_{7}
 R_{7}
 R_{7}
 R_{7}
 R_{8}
 R_{1}
 R_{2}
 R_{3}
 R_{5}
 R_{6}
 R_{7}
 R_{7}
 R_{7}
 R_{8}
 R_{1}
 R_{2}
 R_{3}
 R_{5}
 R_{5}
 R_{7}
 R_{7}
 R_{8}
 R_{1}
 R_{2}
 R_{3}
 R_{5}
 R_{5}
 R_{7}
 R_{7}
 R_{8}
 R_{7}
 R_{8}
 R_{9}
 R_{7}

c) metalation of the compounds of the formula VII, VIIa or VIIb, for example by means of a lithium alkyl, and subsequent reaction with a halophosphine of the formula X_3 -PRR (X_3 is halogen) in the presence of a lithium alkyl to give diphosphines of the formula VIII, Ia or Ib, or with a halophosphine oxide of the formula X_3 -P(O)RR to give diphosphine oxides of the formula IX, IXa or IXb, or with a phosphonate of the formula X_3 -P(O)(OR°)₂ to give phosphonates of the formula X, Xa or Xb:

where R is a radical forming X_1/X_2 , for example a hydrocarbon radical having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms and R° is C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or phenyl,

- d) if a racemic starting material of the formula VII is used, oxidation of the phosphine groups in compounds of the formula VIII, VIIIa or VIIIb by means of an oxidant to form compounds of the formula IX, IXa or IXb,
- e) resolution of the racemates of the formula VIII to give the enantiomers Ia and Ib, or resolution of the racemates of the formula IX to give the enantiomers of the formulae IXa and IXb, or resolution of the racemates of the formula X to give the enantiomers of the formulae Xa and Xb, and reaction of compounds of the formulae Xa and Xb with R-Mg-X to form phosphine oxides of the formula IXa and IXb, and
- f) reduction of the phosphine oxide group in the compounds of the formulae Xa and Xb to produce compounds of the formulae Ia and Ib.

7-13. (Cancelled)